

CSCI 334:
Principles of Programming Languages

Lecture 1: Course intro

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[Williams](#)

1

Topics

What this course is **about**
What to **expect** in this course
A **small assignment** over the weekend

2

We're going to talk about three things today. What the course is about, what to expect during the semester, and then I'm going to prime you for a small assignment over the weekend. The assignment should not take you more than an hour.

Every week:

1. Readings to do **before coming to class.**
2. Lab **due Sunday at 10pm.**

3

Readings will be listed both on the course website and in each lab handout. Labs are due every Sunday.

Your to-dos

1. Lab 0, **due Sunday 9/10**.
Grade scale:
A if it is turned in.
Otherwise... a different grade.
2. Be sure to do the assigned reading (very short!)
before next class.
3. If you plan to use lab computers, check that you can login **today**.
Only Lida/Kelsey can help you with account problems, and they are well-adjusted people who stop working at 5pm on Friday.

4

So, things coming up...

If you don't remember your login...

Email csaccounts@williams.edu

5

If you can't find Kelsey (in TCL 312) or Lida, you can also email them.

If you don't know/remember the
TCL 312 door code...

6

Ask a friend in the CS department.

Announcements

7

- First Colloquium this **Friday, Sept 8**
- Class field trip to WCMA on **Monday, Sept 11**
Be sure to leave your bags, food, coats, etc. in the WCMA coat room. But please do bring pencil and paper.

Why do I study programming languages?

8

A Bicycle for the Mind



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A short video of Steve Jobs.

A Bicycle for the Mind

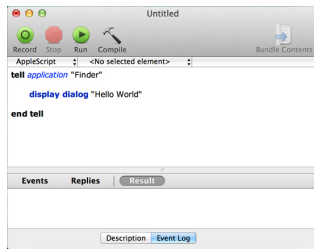


A computer is a key part of this “bicycle”—but not all of it.

10

His bicycle analogy is a good one, but the “bicycle” is more than just the computer hardware.

A Bicycle for the Mind



The other key part is a programming language.

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The other part, perhaps the most important part, is the programming language. Here’s a really interesting one called AppleScript. You probably don’t know AppleScript, but you might be able to tell me what it does anyway!

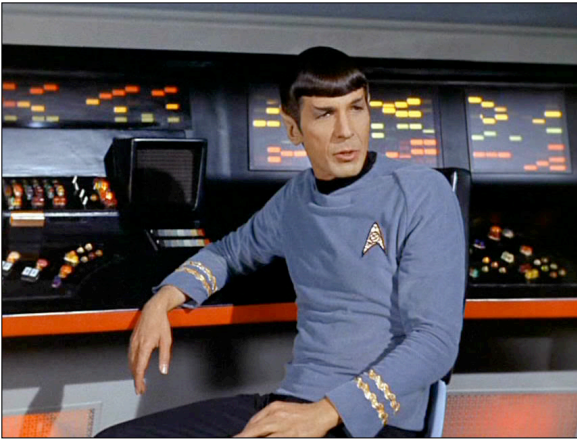
AppleScript



William R. Cook (1963-2021)

12

AppleScript was created by Will Cook, a very influential programming languages researcher who, sadly, passed away recently.



13

If you've never studied programming language design before, you might think that it is the domain of alien, logical beings. It is certainly true that computers are rigidly logical and their manner of communicating is foreign to us humans.



14

But many of the good PL designers I know are actually very creative, often artistic people, and they want to be able to communicate with a computer in ways that are more natural to humans. They want computers to be a vehicle for their creativity. They spend a lot of time thinking about good interfaces, because that's what a programming language is: a human interface to a computer.



15

When you get this combination right, a logical but expressive human interface, working with a computer can feel like magic.



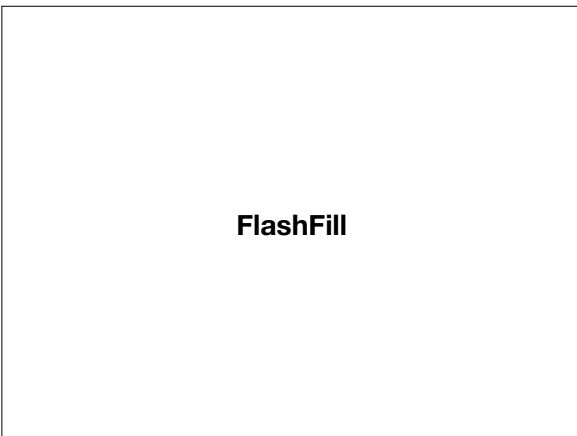
16

This harmony of engineering and art is not a new idea. The best engineered objects engender both of these qualities. Here's the sister to a sculpture you may have seen before (this one is at Naumkeag in Stockbridge, MA). Notice that these gigantic, sharp blades gracefully dance in the air. What they DON'T do is swing around wildly, cutting people in half! That's because an engineer, George Rickey, built them.



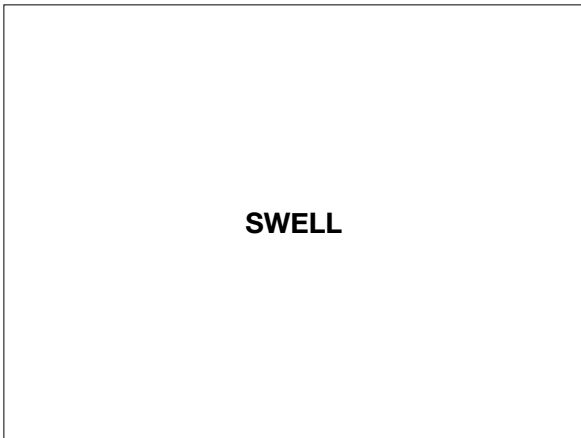
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Before WWII, George Rickey was a painter. He was drafted into the US Army in 1942, where he became a gunnery technician. After the war, he drew on his new skill in machining to create kinetic sculptures.



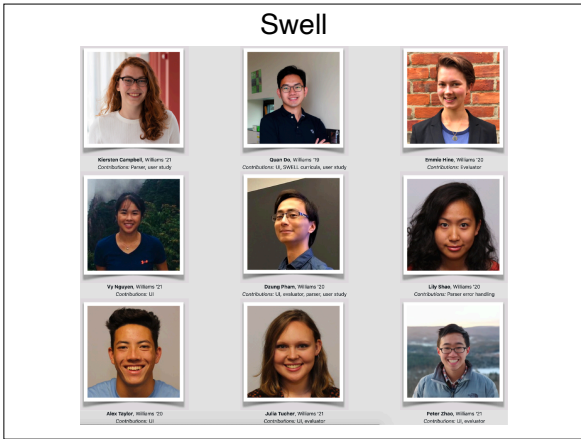
18

Coming back to the world of programming languages, let me give you some examples that, for me, feel like magic. The first is a tool called FlashFill that comes with Microsoft Excel. When FlashFill was released in 2011, it blew people's minds.

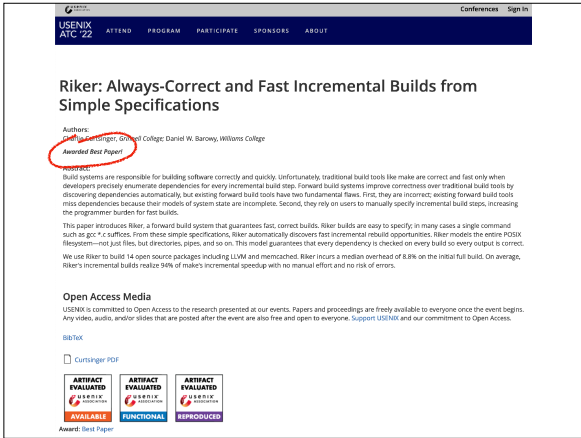


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Here's a project that I worked on with a number of Williams students. SWELL is a programming language for teaching middle-schoolers how to code. <https://swell-lang.org>.



20



21

And here's another more recent one. If you've ever had to write a Makefile, know now that you don't actually have to. A smart language tool can figure it out for you. This one really felt like magic to me when we got it working. The funny thing is: we knew it was going to work before we coded any of it up, because PL theory told us that it was possible.

Administrivia

25

OK, now for the boring but important stuff about what to expect in this class.

Syllabus

26

Weekly assignments

1. Weekly **readings**, to do **before class**. (~1 hour, on average)
2. Weekly **labs**, due **Sunday by 10pm** (~5 hours, on average, but with wide variance)

27

Every week, you will do two things only: do the reading and do the labs. I want this course to be logistically simple. Be sure to do the readings before coming to class, because we will be doing class activities that assume you have read the materials.

28

Grades

Midterm:	25%
Final Project:	25%
Lab assignments:	35%
Class participation:	15%

29

If you

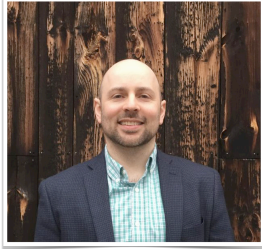
1. submit your work **on time**,
2. pay attention to **feedback**, and
3. diligently **correct your mistakes**,

you have **little to worry about** in this class.

30

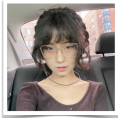
Help

Me



31

Our Wonderful TAs



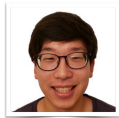
Valeria



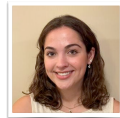
Jack



Kelly



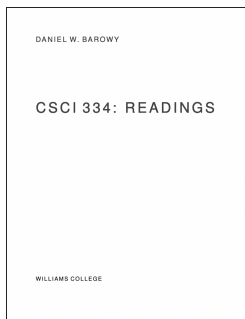
Paul



Carolyn

32

Course packet



33

BTW, I wrote most of the course packet to ensure that it covered ONLY the things you need to know in this class to complete your final project. So there is no fluff, and I worked really hard (all summer actually) trying to make it as fun and easy a read as possible. Also, if you find serious errors in the text, I will reward you.

Course readings

34



Probably the most important part of the class.

Course readings

35



In-class activities, usually on Monday.

Your "participation" grade.

Every week, we will do class activities that help you reinforce what you learned in the book. Take advantage of these by doing the reading before class. Your participation grade is binary. If you are here and you do it you get an A.

Course readings

36

```
$ dotnet fsi
Microsoft (R) F# Interactive version 12.5.0.0 for F# 7.0
Copyright (c) Microsoft Corporation. All Rights Reserved.

For help type #help;;

> let xs = [1; 2; 3; 4]
- let ys = List.fold (fun acc x -> acc + x) 0
- ;;
val xs: int list = [1; 2; 3; 4]
val ys: (int list -> int)
```

The readings are designed to be **active**.

Follow along with the activities in the book.

You'll get much more out of them!

Type the code into your computer as you read. It is worth it!

Anonymous grading

37

In case you did not know, I always grade anonymously. I think it's important not to play favorites, but I am human, and it is easy to do. Grading anonymously prevents me from doing that. So be sure to omit your name from all of your lab solutions. I know who work belongs to because git will tell me when I need to know.

Homework late policy:

38

You have three free late days. But you have to tell me when you plan to use them, otherwise I will grade your work prematurely. Please fill out the form. If you have an accommodation or are submitting late for some other reason, also please use the form.

_____ Late Work _____

You are expected to turn in all assignments in a timely manner to receive full credit. Nevertheless, I understand that sometimes events conspire to make on-time homework assignment a challenge. Each student may use a maximum of **three free late days** during the course of the semester. A late day permits you to hand in a lab up to 24 hours late, without penalty, no questions asked. **You may use at most one late day on a given assignment.**

To take a late day, be sure to fill out the late day form (<https://forms.gle/nPh4rvt8g2Uxm4Xo9>). Without prior arrangement, late assignments will be penalized at a rate of **20% per day**.

Something even better: resubmissions

39

You also get two “redos.” If you’ve taken a class with me before, you probably know about these.

_____ Resubmissions _____

You may find that occasionally, you do not do as well on an assignment as you had hoped. That's OK! Revisiting a mistake is one of the best ways to learn. To encourage you to engage in this practice, you are permitted to resubmit two assignments during the semester. This policy includes labs 1-9 and the midterm exam, but not the final lab or the final project.

A resubmission allows you to earn back **up to 50% of the missing points**. For example, if you received a 75% on an assignment, you may earn up to 87.5% upon resubmission.

Resubmissions must be submitted in the following manner:

1. They must be submitted before the end of the final exam reading period.
2. They must include both the original work and the new submission.
3. They must be accompanied with a typed document, written in plain language, that explains, for every correction:
 - (a) what the error was in the original work,
 - (b) how you fixed the error, and
 - (c) why the new version is correct.

Please note that resubmissions must be typed or they will not be accepted. Detailed instructions for submitting a resubmission will be distributed via a separate handout.

Honor Code

40

Solutions to assignments should not be posted in any public forum, including public git (e.g., GitHub, GitLab, etc) repositories. Students taking our courses should not be looking for solutions, but tempting them by making solutions available is inappropriate. This applies not just to the semester you are taking the course, but to the future as well.

41

COVID

42

43

git

<https://aslan.barowy.net>

We will be using a different git repository this semester. This is a little bit of an experiment on my part, but from your perspective, it should look familiar. Nothing really new here.

44

Course website

<https://williams-cs.github.io/cs334-f23-www/>

45

Course Organization

First half

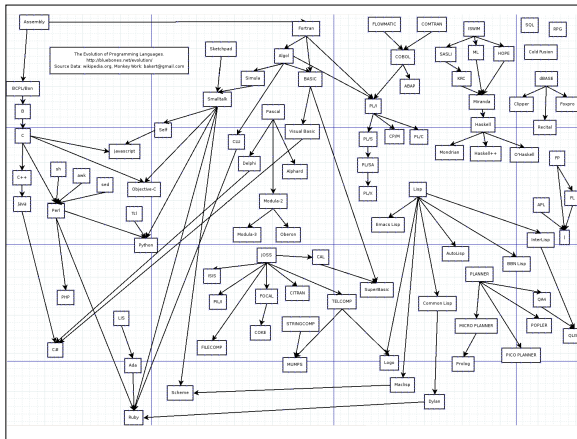
- language models
- theoretical foundations
- functional vs. imperative languages
- new ways of thinking

Course Organization

Second half

- language architecture
- object oriented programming
- projects!

46



47

We could go broad and talk about the zoo of programming languages

You are going to get your hands dirty



48

But I prefer to go deep.

I always want you to succeed



Our notions for success may not always be the same, but I promise you: I do not assign busy work.

49

I always care about what you think

1. Optional feedback on assignments (for bonus credit!)
2. Optional, anonymous feedback form on course website

50

For the weekend

51

52

Is this a programming language?

<https://openai.com/dall-e-2/>

53

What is a programming language?
Keep this in mind when doing the first lab this weekend.
(time to complete first lab: ~1 hour)

(To help focus you— is English a PL?
What about an API?
What makes those different from Java?)

54

Recap & Next Class

Today:

- Course goals
- Course structure

Next class:

WCMA!