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## Parser Combinators

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Consider the following grammar,

```
<expr> ::= a<B> |  $\epsilon$ 
<B> ::= b<expr>
```

where  $\epsilon$  stands for “nothing.”

A fellow programmer came up with the following parser, but it’s not working the way they want. They come to you for help.

```
let parse input =
  // parser
  let grammar = pmany0 (pstr "ab")

  // parse input
  match grammar (prepare input) with
  | Success(res,_) -> printfn "%A" res
  | Failure _ -> printfn "Invalid expression"
```

The parser correctly accepts everything the grammar says it should, like the strings "ab", "abab", "", and "ababab". However, it also incorrectly accepts the following strings: "aba", "abfoobar", and "Wait, how the heck is this possible?".

1. What is the cause of the bug in the above program?

2. There is a simple modification to the program of the form:

```
let grammar = pleft (pmany0 (pstr "ab")) <p>
```

Use the supplied tables to find the parser <p> that fixes this bug.