## Lab 5 Due Sunday, October 15 by 10:00pm

## Turn-In Instructions .

Written questions in this assignment must be written using  $IAT_EX$ . I provide a  $IAT_EX$  template in your repository for you to use to get started.

Please note that for full credit, you must submit both your .tex source file as well as the rendered .pdf file. Your source file should be called lab-5.tex and your PDF should be called lab-5.pdf. (5 points)

For programming questions, create a project directory. For example, the source directory for question 1 should be in a folder called "q1". You should be able to cd into this directory and then run the program by typing the command "dotnet run", with additional arguments depending on the question. As before, programs should be split into two pieces: a "Program.fs" file that contains the main method, and a "Library.fs" file that contains the functions of interest in the question. All library code should be in a module named "CS334". (5 points)

Turn in your work using the git repository assigned to you. The name of the repository will have the form https://aslan.barowy.net/cs334-f23/cs334-lab05-<USERNAME>.git. For example, if your username is abc1, the repository would be https://aslan.barowy.net/cs334-f23/cs334-lab05-abc1.git.

**\_\_\_** Honor Code **\_\_\_\_** 

This is a <u>partner lab</u>. You may work with another classmate if you wish, and you may co-develop solutions. Remember: although you can work on code together, you must each independently write up and submit your solution. No code copying is allowed. **Be sure to tell me who your partner is** by committing a collaborators.txt file to your repository. Be sure to commit this file whether you worked with a partner or not. If you worked by yourself, collaborators.txt should contain something like "I worked by myself." (5 points)

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Sanity Check: Students sometimes submit incomplete assignments, accidentally forgetting to run git add for all of their files. Fortunately, there is an easy way to make sure that this does not happen to you. Before you are done, git clone your repository to a new folder and then try building/running everything. It only takes a couple minutes and can spare you from headaches later on.

🗕 Reading 📖

1. (Required) "Proof by Reduction"

Problems

let censor (banned: string list)(words: string list) = ...

Censored words are replaced with XXXX. For example,

```
> censor
- ["party"; "hoxsey"]
- ["we're"; "going";"to";"skip";"class";"for";"a";"party";"on";"hoxsey"]
- ;;
val it: string list =
  ["we're"; "going"; "to"; "skip"; "class"; "for"; "a"; "XXXX"; "on"; "XXXX"]
```

Your censor function must use List.map, making use of another function memberOf. memberOf is a recursive function that takes a list of banned words and a single word to potentially censor, returning true if the word is in the banned list and false otherwise. Censoring should work regardless of case (i.e., "hoxsey" and "HOXSEY" should be considered the same).

let rec memberOf(banned: string list)(word: string) =

memberOf should not call any other functions except that you may use the following case-insensitive string comparison function,

System.String.Equals(s1, s2, System.StringComparison.CurrentCultureIgnoreCase)

where s1 and s2 are strings.

You should be able to run your program on the command line by supplying a path to a banned word list and a sequence of banned words.

\$ dotnet run banned.txt I need an extension because I got lost in the steam tunnels
I need an XXXX because I got lost in the XXXX XXXX

\$ dotnet run banned.txt I like programming languages more than the fried rice at Blue Mango
I like programming languages more than the XXXX XXXX at XXXX XXXX

If the program is run without any arguments, or if the banned file does not exist, it should print out the following usage string and quit with exit code 1:

Usage: <banned.txt> <word\_1> [... <word\_n>]

Here are some tips for making the above work.

To read in a file, you can use the following construct, which opens filename and returns a list of strings, one string for each line of the file.

IO.File.ReadLines(filename) |> Seq.toList

If filename does not exist, the above will throw System.IO.FileNotFoundException exception. Prevent that from happening by using the System.IO.File.Exists method or just handle the exception when it is raised.

To convert an array to a list, use the Array.toList function.

F# has array-slicing capabilities that let you easily take a subset of an array, just like in Python. See the F# documentation.

Finally, a list of strings strs can be concatenated into a single string with a separator of your choice (e.g., " ") like so:

System.String.Join(" ", strs)

Which words to include in your banned word list is up to you, however, be sure to include at least the set of words that make the above examples work.

The project directory for this question should be called "q1". Your censor and memberOf functions should be in a module called CS334 stored in a file called Library.fs and your main function should be in a file called **Program.fs** as in previous labs. As usual, write your program to guarantee that user-provided input makes sense and does not throw an exception.

Q2. (20 points) ..... Halting on any input

The function Halt<sub>Any</sub> is defined as:

 $\mathtt{Halt}_{\mathtt{Any}}(\mathtt{p}) = \begin{cases} \mathtt{true} & \text{if } \mathtt{p} \text{ halts on any input.} \\ \mathtt{false} & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$ 

Assume p is a String representation of a Python function always having the form:

def prog(x): # whatever

and that x is just an ordinary primitive value, like an integer.

Prove that Halt<sub>Any</sub> is not computable.

Note: do not confuse HaltAny with HaltAll. The function HaltAll halts when all inputs cause some program, p, to halt. For example, for the following program, HaltAny returns true while HaltAll returns false.

```
def prog(i):
  if i = 0
    return
  else
    while true
```

Q3. (25 points) ...... Garbage Collection

A garbage collection algorithm performs automatic cleanup of unused memory in a program. Modern programming language runtimes routinely perform garbage collection in order to dramatically simplify memory management. Garbage has the following definition.

At a given point i in the execution of a program P, a memory location m is garbage if continued execution of P from i will not access location m again.

Nonetheless, garbage collection using the above definition of garbage is not computable. Instead, languages solve a simpler problem by using a slightly different definition of garbage:

At a given point i in the execution of a program P, a memory location m is definitely garbage if continued execution of P from i cannot access location m again.

McCarthy's "mark sweep" algorithm uses this latter definition, because it only reclaims memory that is impossible to re-read.

Prove that garbage collection using the first definition is not computable. You should prove this fact using the "reductio ad absurdum" proof technique. Specifically, your proof should employ a reduction of another non-computable function to garbage collection. For example, you may rely on the fact that we know that the halting problem is not computable.

<u>Assume</u> that you have the following **isGarbage** function available in the standard library of the programming language of your choice.

```
boolean isGarbage(String p, String m, int i)
```

Calling isGarbage with the source code for program text p, variable name m, and line number i has the following behavior.

```
isGarbage(p, m, i) returns true if m is garbage at line i of program p.
isGarbage(p, m, i) returns false otherwise.
```

You may assume that isGarbage always halts. You may also assume that p is "simple" code that does not contain class or function definitions.

Hint: we know that Halt, Halt<sub>All</sub>, and Halt<sub>Any</sub> are not computable. Take your pick.

**Q4.**  $(\frac{1}{10}$  th bonus point) ..... Optional: Feedback

I always appreciate hearing back about how easy or difficult an assignment is.

For  $\frac{1}{10}$ <sup>th</sup> of a bonus to your final grade, please fill out the following Google Form.