

Grading Rubric

This document is meant to serve as a helpful reference point for how homework is to be graded, both for students and for TAs. It is intentionally fairly high-level; questions about specifics should be directed towards the TAs or the instructor.

This document is based on similar rubrics from Tom Murtagh and Shikha Singh.

Grading Assignment Questions

Each assignment question will be graded on a ten-point scale, with the following rough assignment in mind.

- 10:** The solution is clear and correct.
- 9:** The solution is clear but contains a few mistakes, but they are mostly of little significance.
- 7–8:** The solution hits on the main points, but has at least one logical gap.
- 5–6:** The solution is significantly unclear, but parts of it are salvageable.
- 3:** The solution is just plain wrong or so unclear it cannot be followed.
- 0:** No attempt is made at solving the problem.

All assignment questions should be written cleanly and concisely. Writing good proofs is both about having the correct logic, and effectively expressing that logic to the reader.

Latex Typesetting Requirements

Each assignment will also have a (small but noticeable) number of points dedicated to Latex typesetting. This is to encourage good habits and correct usage. The following is a list of common mistakes to bear in mind while typesetting latex—it's not meant to be exhaustive.

- All variables and equations should be in math mode—one should write $O(n)$ rather than $O(n)$, and $n < m$ rather than $n < m$. Both inline math mode (using $\$. . . \$$) and display math mode (using $\[. . . \]$) are acceptable.
- Whitespace and indentation should be done with correct latex usage. The command \backslash should only be used to force a line break when necessary, not to end a paragraph (when a blank line would do).
- Text should always fit on the page, as otherwise it is impossible to read. Here is an example of text not fitting on t
- Math mode should not be used except to typeset math. To italicize text, use \textit{t} .

- Environments should be used correctly—in particular, solutions should be within the designated solution environment.

One quick sanity check to see if the above requirements are being followed is to check for latex errors during compilation—oftentimes, a latex error indicates that you are doing something wrong.¹

Grading Daily Homeworks

Each homework is graded out of 10. They are handed in on paper so you don't need to worry about Latex. There are 3 grades:

- 10:** There was a reasonable attempt at solving the problem; it may or may not be correct.
- 7:** There was a solution written, but it does not make an attempt at solving the problem.
- 0:** Not handed in, or no attempt whatsoever was made at solving the problem (the solution is blank, or the type of solution is not what was asked for).

There will be feedback given for incorrect answers even when full points are given, and solutions will be posted after the homeworks are due.

¹Unfortunately, as discussed, latex errors are not always very useful. There certainly exist latex errors that are not worth your time to fix, and will not result in points off. When in doubt, ask yourself if what's happening significantly affects readability; if so it should probably be fixed.