Practice Quiz 7

CSCI 136: Spring 2022

Your name: _

Welcome back!

This week's quizzes cover readings, handouts, labs, and lecture materials up to and including April 4th. Answer the following questions as practice for your graded quiz on Friday—and as a warmup while coming back from break!

1. Let's say we have a List (recall that List is an interface with methods like addLast, removeLast, and removeFirst; it is implemented by Vector, SinglyLinkedList, and DoublyLinkedList).

We call addLast() on the List *n* times. Then, we call removeLast() on the List *n* times.

(a) What is the worst case time to complete all of these operations on a List that is implemented using a Vector? Assume that Vector doubles in size each time the underlying array runs out of room.

Your answer: O(n). Each removeLast() is O(1); growing a vector to n takes O(n) in total as shown in class.

(b) What is the worst case time to complete all of these operations on a List that is implemented using a SinglyLinkedList? Assume that SinglyLinkedList does not have a tail pointer.

Your answer: $O(n^2)$. Each addLast() and removeLast() call takes O(n) operations.

(c) What is the worst case time to complete all of these operations on a List that is implemented using a DoublyLinkedList? Assume that DoublyLinkedList has a tail pointer.

Your answer: O(n). Each operation is O(1), for O(n) in total.

- 2. Let's say we have another List. We call addLast() on the List n times. Then, we call removeFirst() on the List n times.
 - (a) What is the worst case time to complete all of these operations on a List that is implemented using a Vector? Assume that Vector doubles in size each time the underlying array runs out of room.

Your answer: Each removeFirst() is O(n) leading to $O(n^2)$ total; total for all addLast() is O(n). Total: $O(n^2 + n) = O(n^2)$.

(b) What is the worst case time to complete all of these operations on a List that is implemented using a SinglyLinkedList? Assume that SinglyLinkedList does not have a tail pointer.

Your answer: Each removeFirst() is O(1); each addLast() is O(n); giving $O(n^2)$ overall.

(c) What is the worst case time to complete all of these operations on a List that is implemented using a DoublyLinkedList? Assume that DoublyLinkedList has a tail pointer.

Your answer: Each addLast () and removeFirst is O(1), giving O(n) in total.