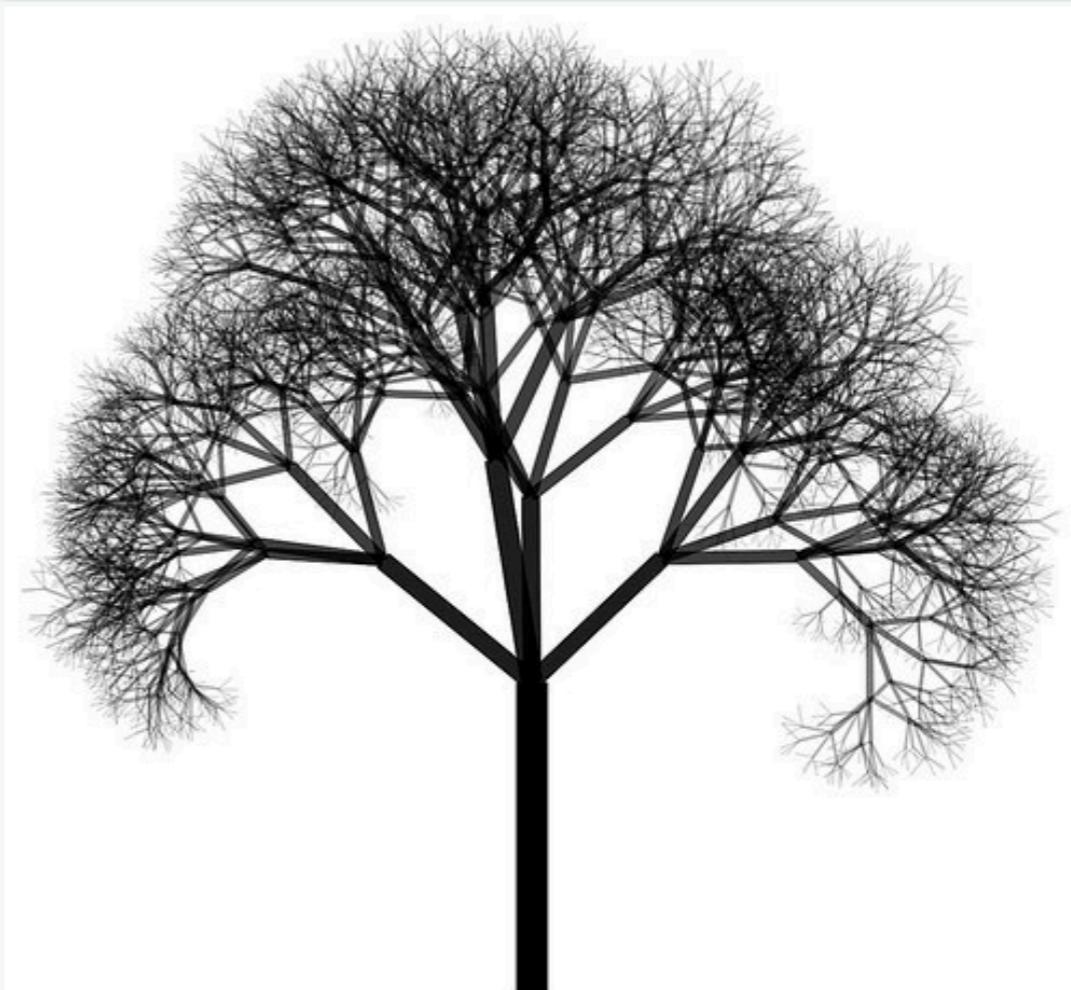
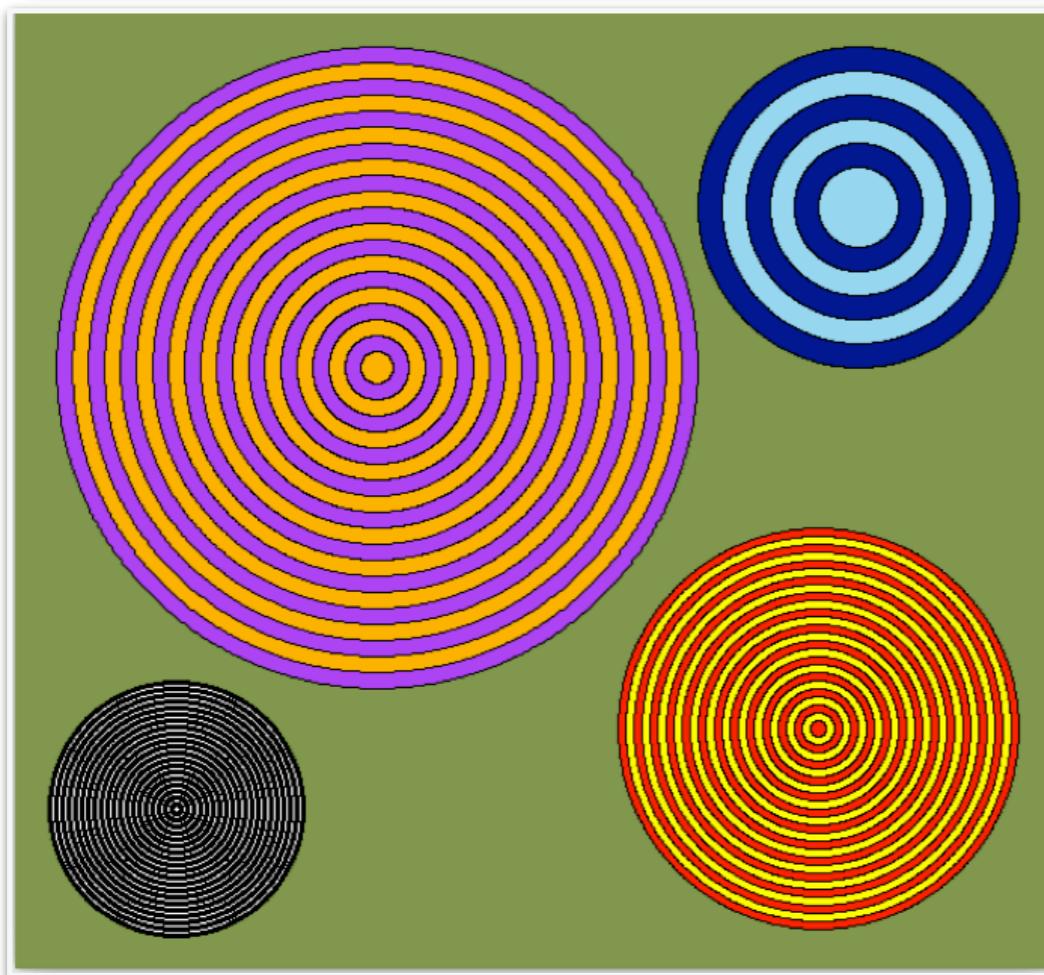
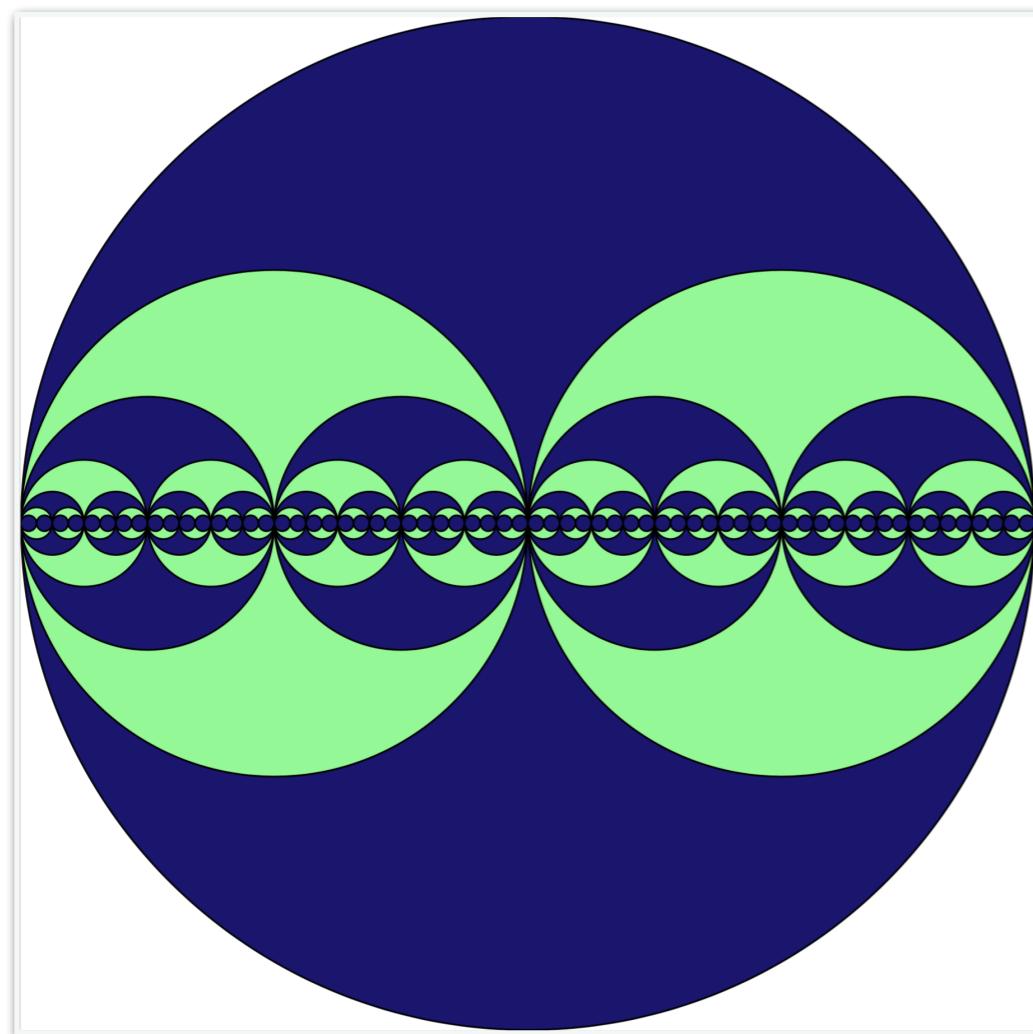


Introduction to Recursion





Recursion

- Recursion is the name given to a process that is composed of (smaller versions) of itself



Recursive Approach

- **REDUCE** the problem to smaller subproblem(s) (smaller version(s) of itself)
- **DELEGATE** the smaller problems to the recursion fairy (*formally known as induction hypothesis*) and assume they're solved correctly
- **COMBINE** the solution(s) of the smaller subproblems to reach/return the solution



Palindromes

EVE

CIVIC

MADAM

AVID DIVA

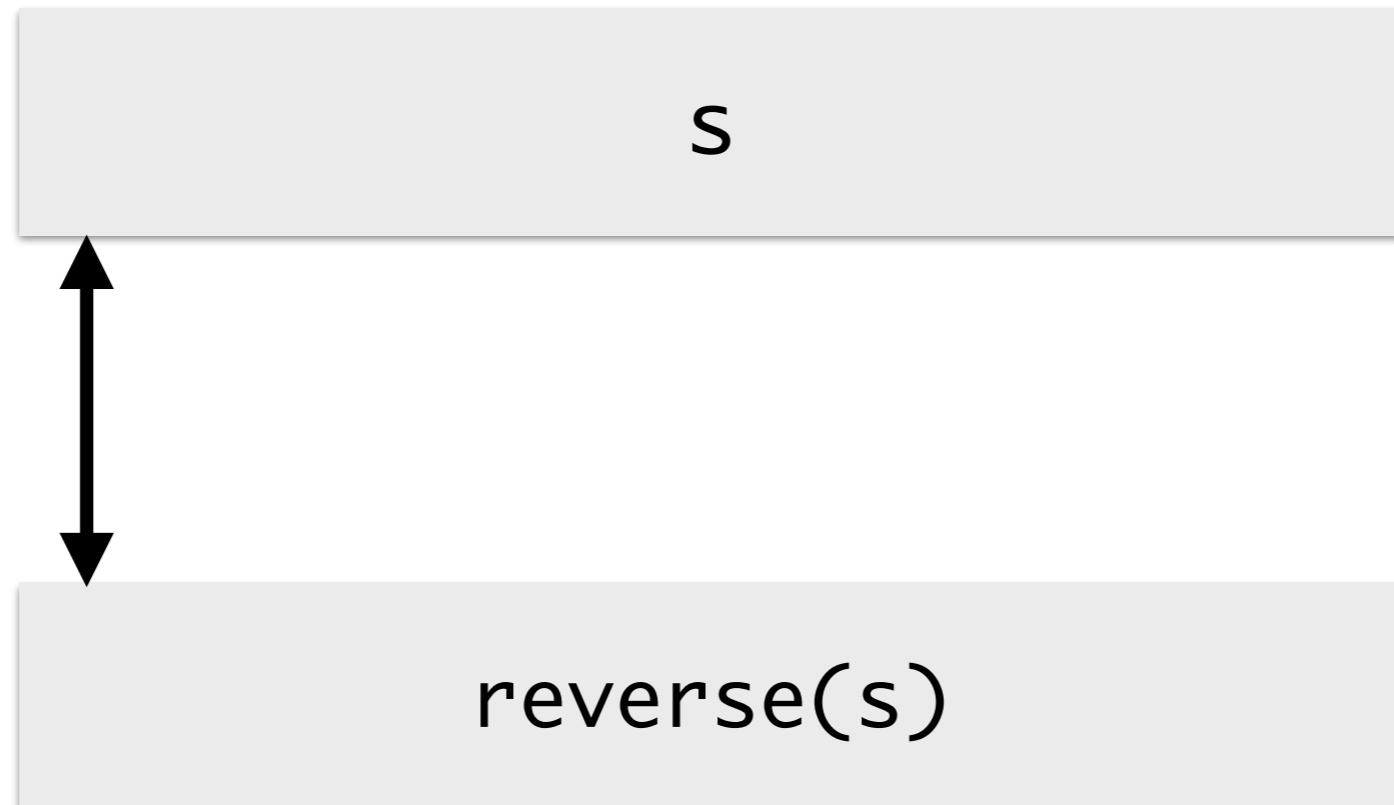
STEP ON NO PETS

STRESSED DESSERTS

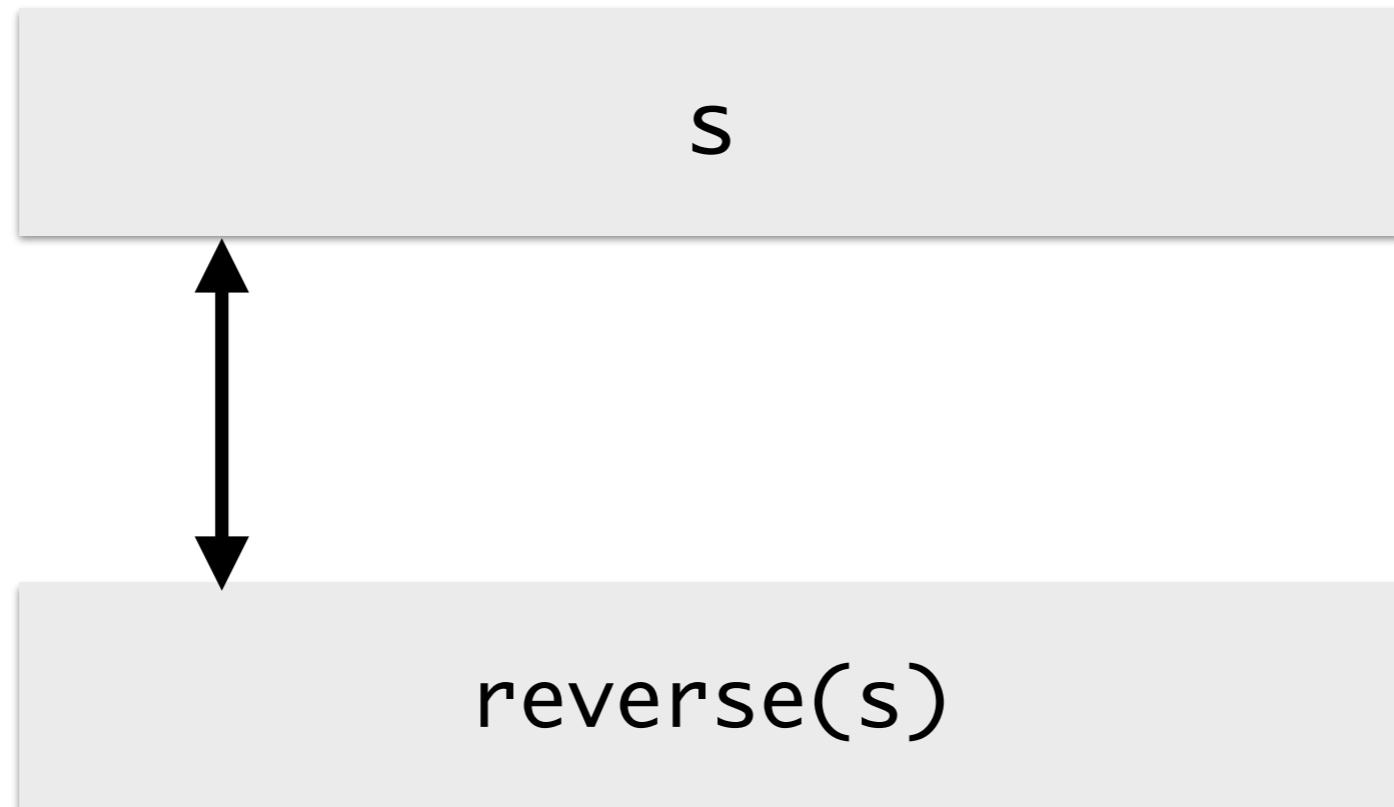
ABLE WAS I ERE I SAW ELBA

LIVED ON DECAF FACED NO DEVIL

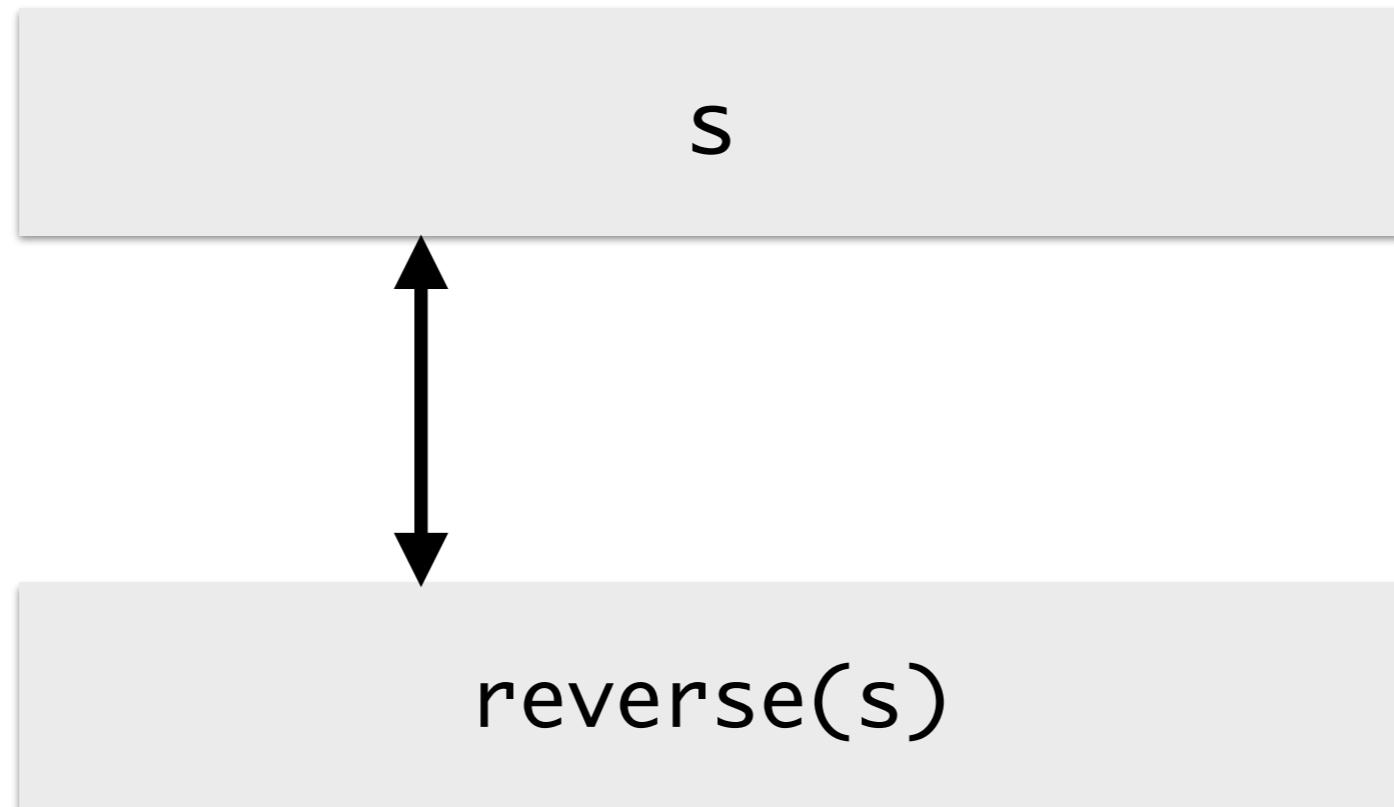
Iterative Approach



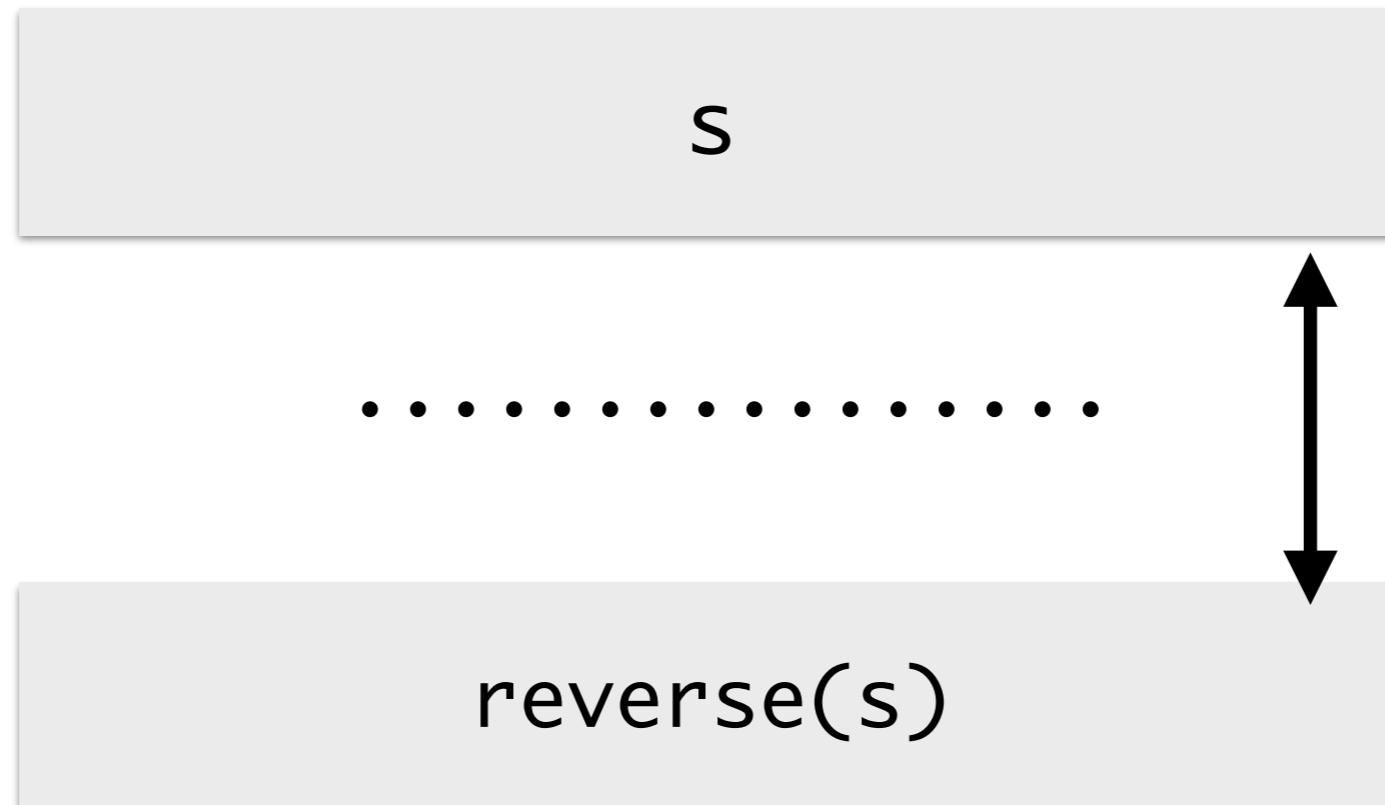
Iterative Approach



Iterative Approach

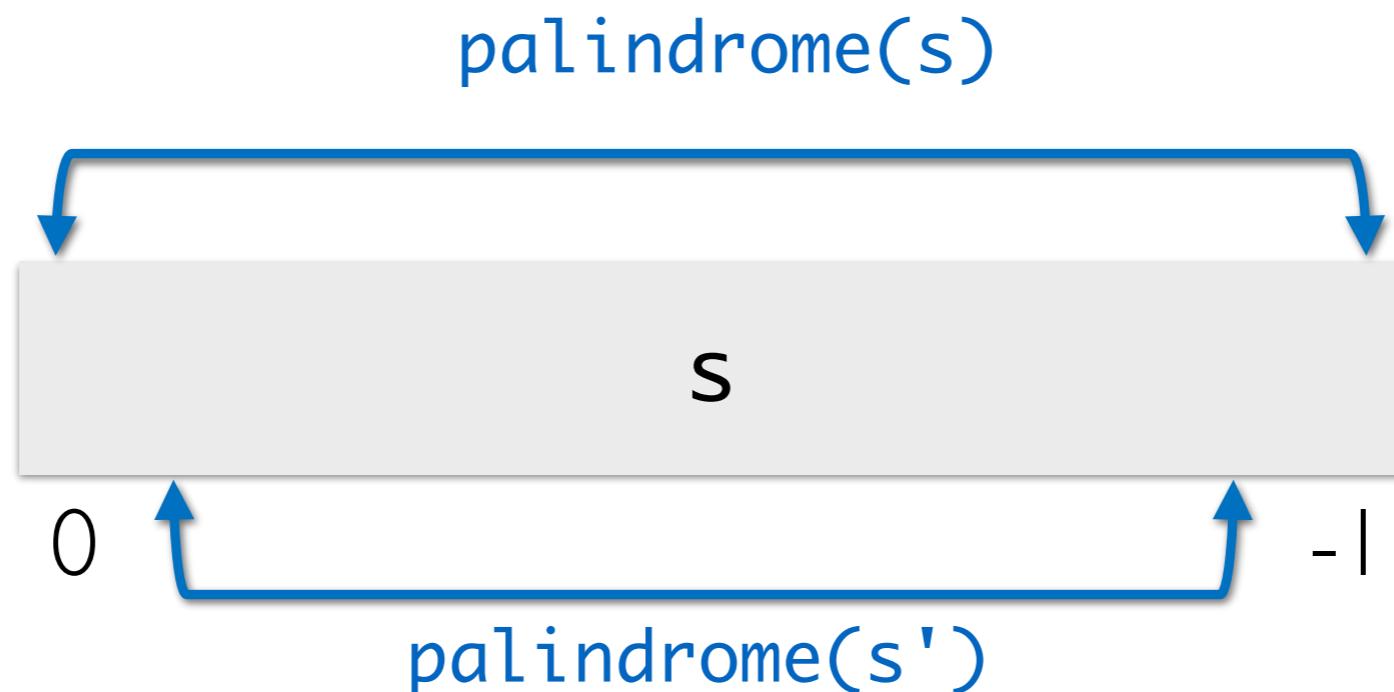


Iterative Approach



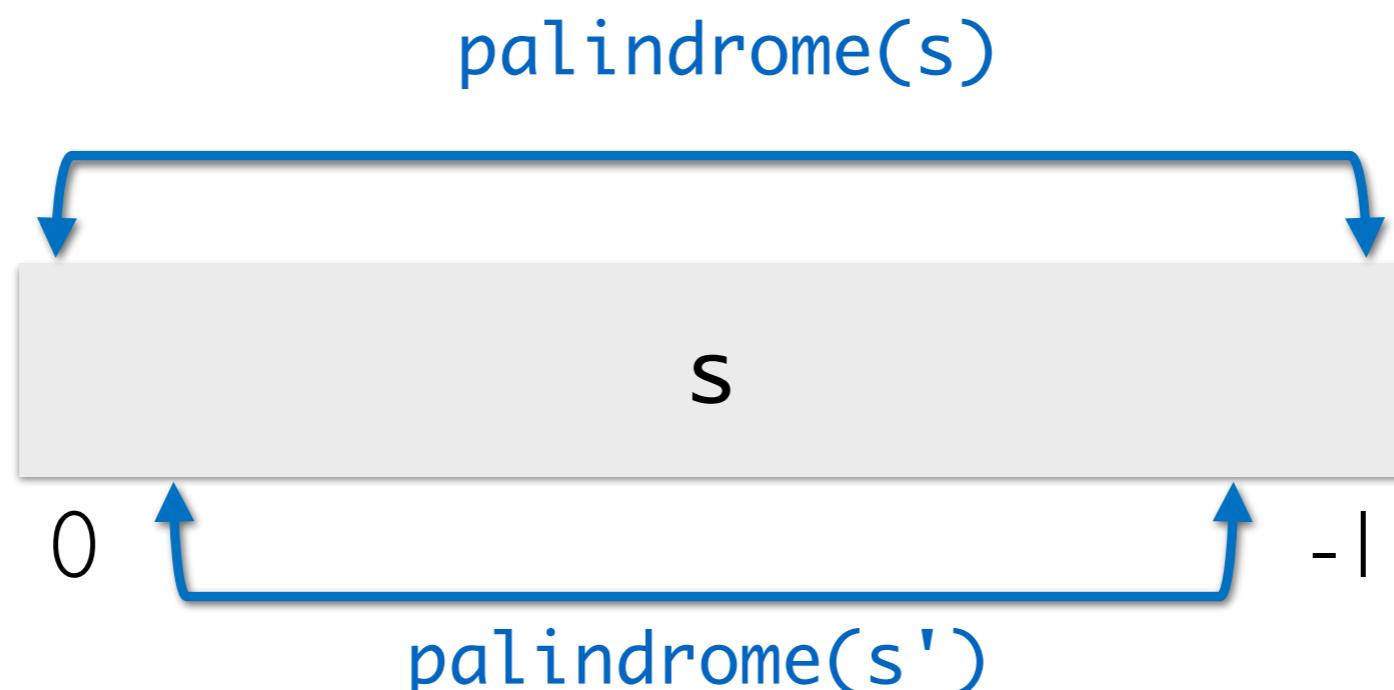
Recursive Approach

- **REDUCE** it smaller version of the same problem
 - Check if $s' = s[1:-1]$ is a palindrome



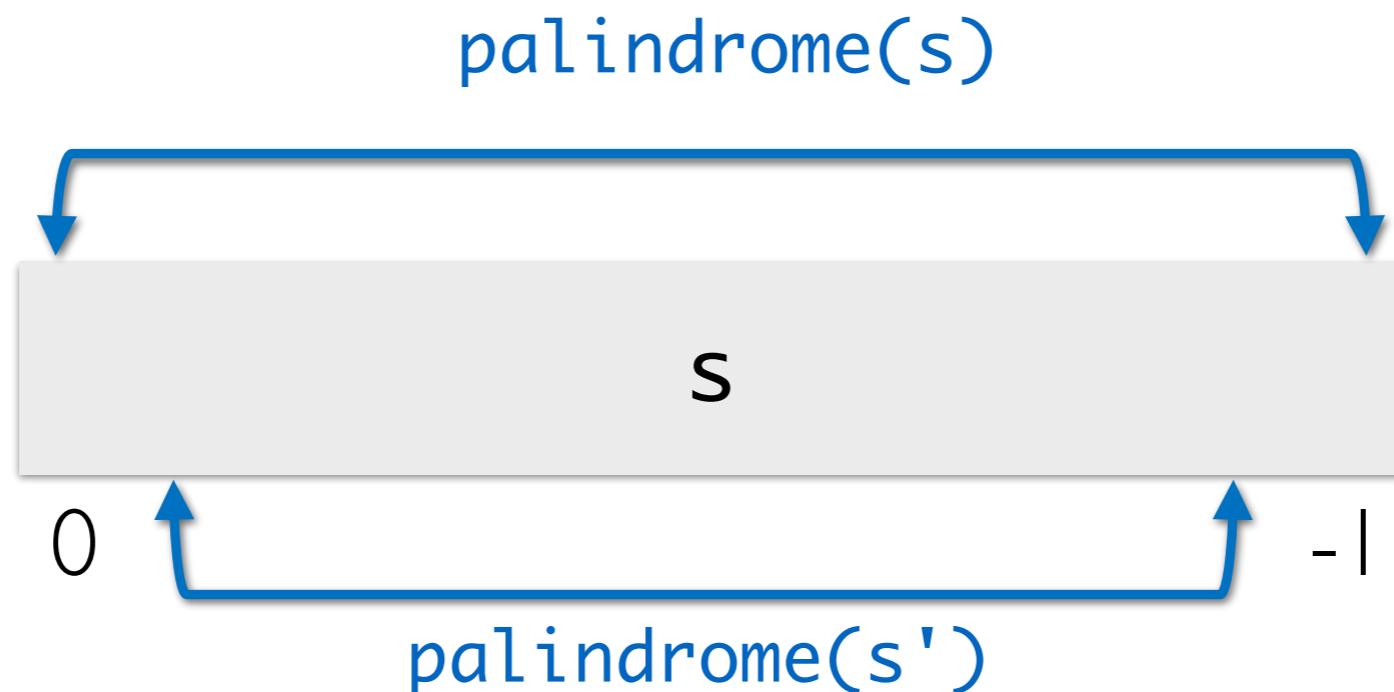
Recursive Approach

- **DELEGATE** the smaller problems to the recursion fairy (*formally known as induction hypothesis*) and assume they're solved correctly



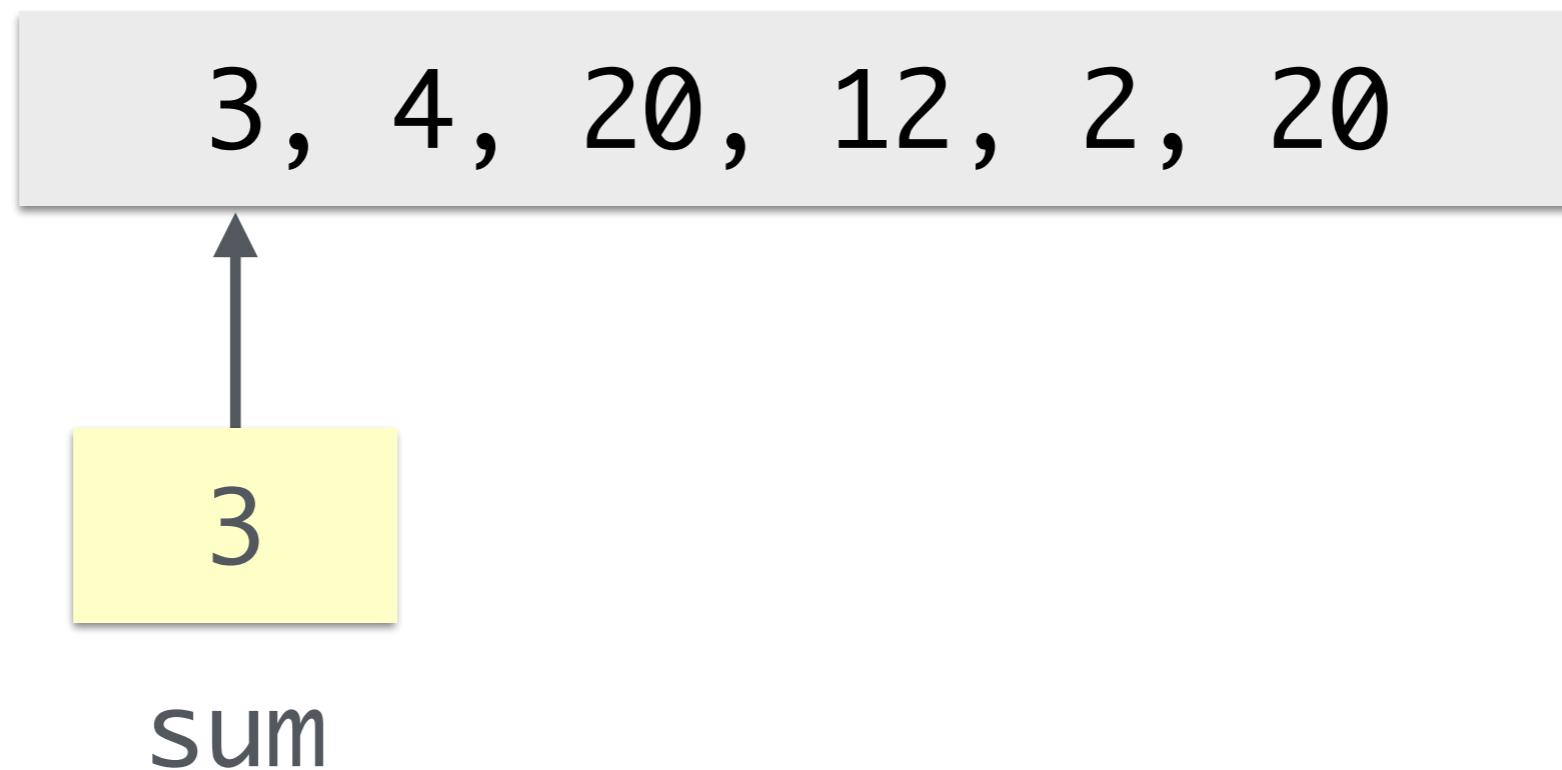
Recursive Approach

- **COMBINE** the solution(s) of the smaller subproblems to reach/return the solution
 - return **True** if $\text{palindrome}(s')$ is **True** and $s[0]$ is same as $s[-1]$

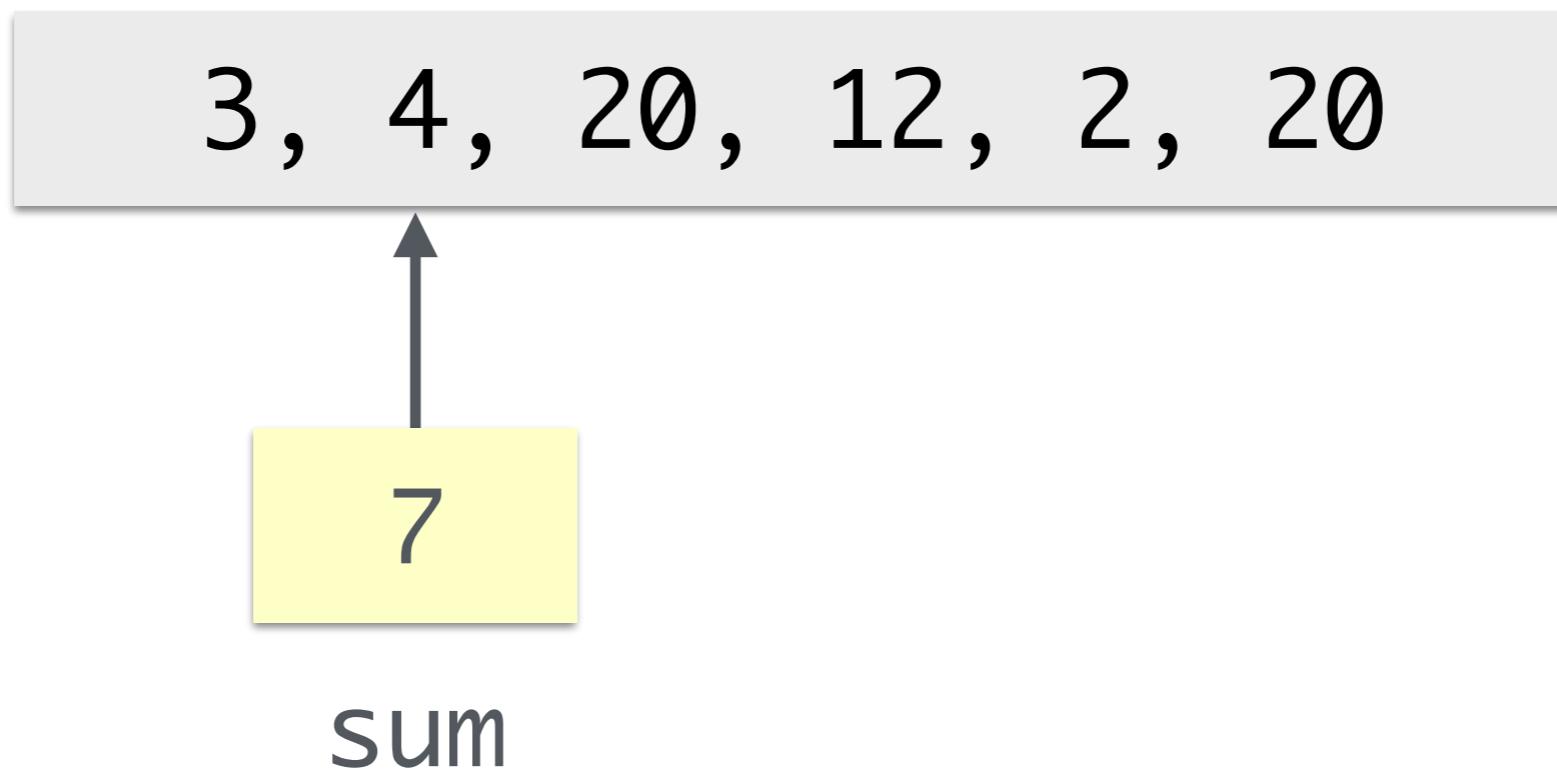


Summing Numbers in a List

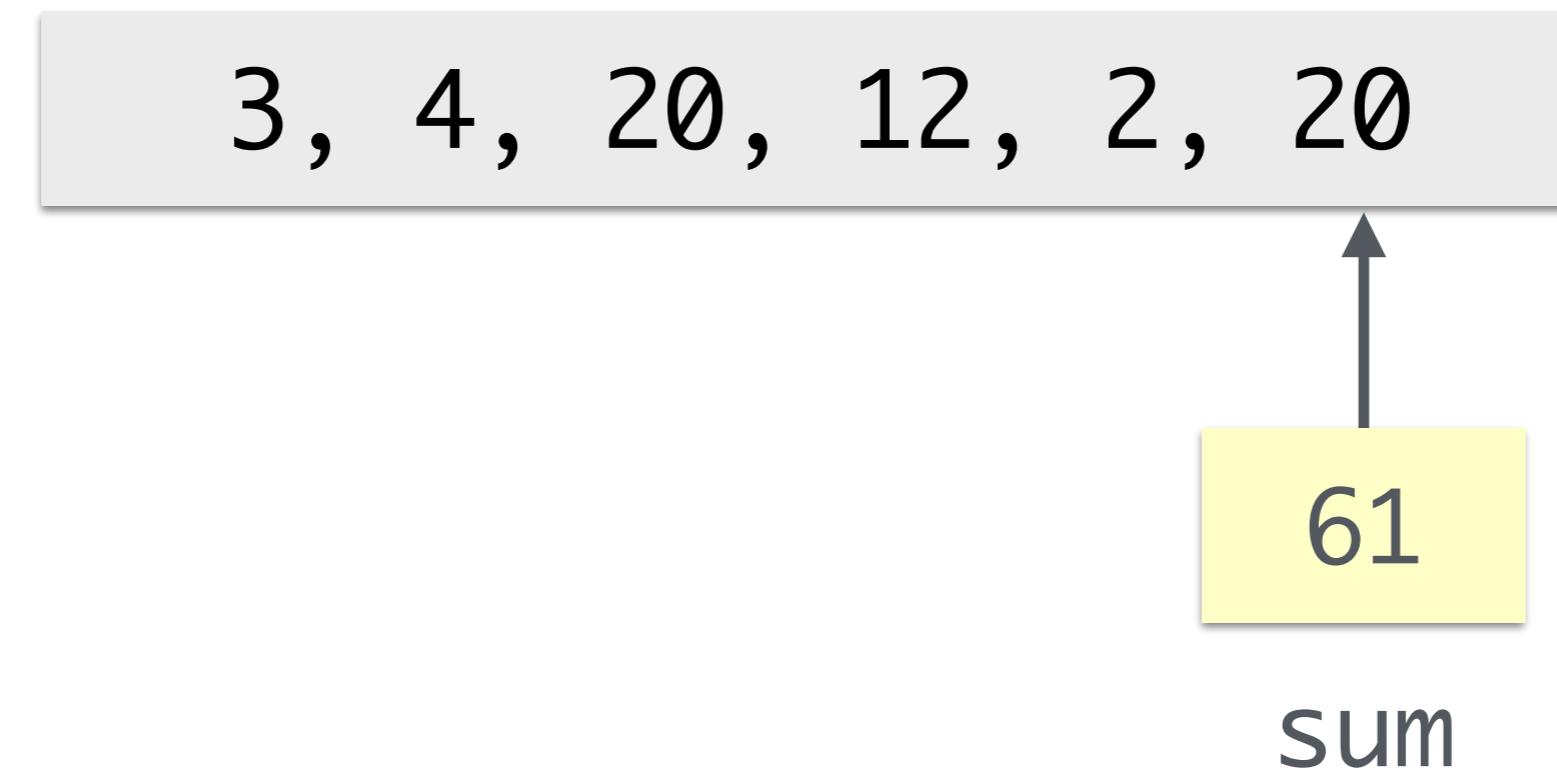
Iterative Approach



Iterative Approach



Iterative Approach



Recursive Approach

- **REDUCE** it smaller version of the same problem
 - `sum numList[1:]`

```
3, 4, 20, 12, 2, 20
```



`sum(numList[1:])`

Recursive Approach

- **DELEGATE** the smaller problems to the recursion fairy (*formally known as induction hypothesis*) and assume they're solved correctly

```
3, 4, 20, 12, 2, 20
```

↑
sum(numList[1:])



Recursive Approach

- **COMBINE** the solution(s) of the smaller subproblems to reach/return the solution
 - return `numList[0] + sum(numList[1:])`

3, 4, 20, 12, 2, 20

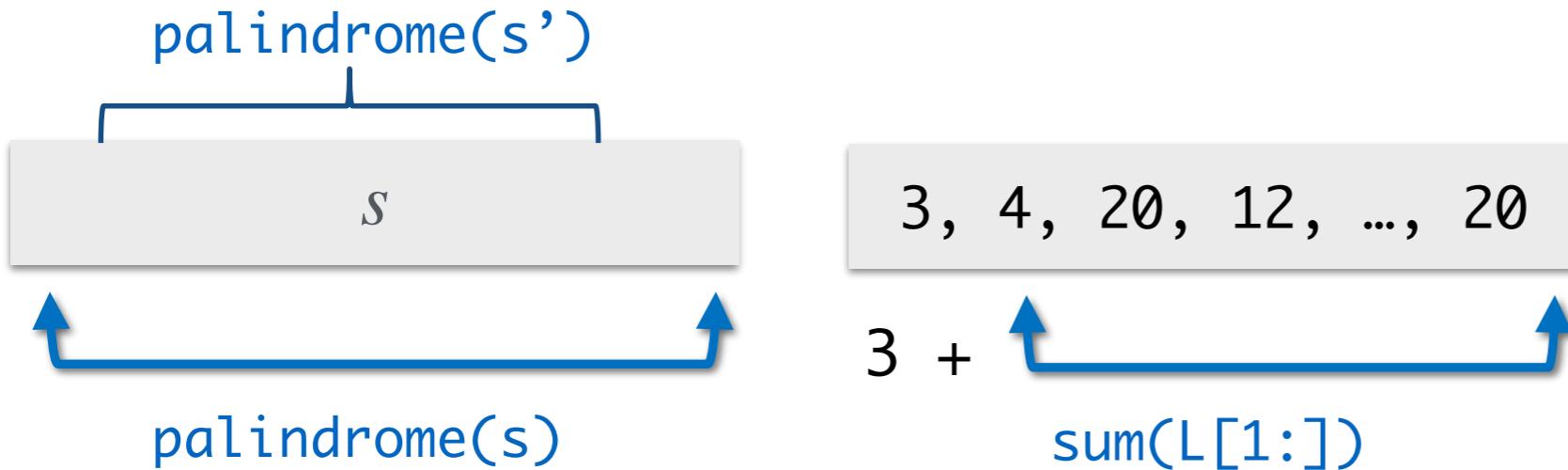
3 +

`sum(numList[1:])`



Base Case(s): *the buck stops here*

- Reached when the problem is sufficiently small that its trivial to solve directly
- Palindrome: empty string and all strings of length 1 are trivially palindromes
- Summing a list of numbers: the sum is trivially zero when the list is empty



Recursive Algorithm

- **Base case:** Solving problem directly.
- **Recursive case:**
 - **REDUCE** the problem to smaller subproblem(s) (smaller version(s) of itself)
 - **DELEGATE** the smaller problems to the recursion fairy (*formally known as induction hypothesis*) and assume they're solved correctly
 - **COMBINE** the solution(s) of the smaller subproblems to reach/return the solution



Recursive Functions

A **recursive function** is a function **that calls itself**

countDown

- Let's write a recursive function that prints integers from n down to 1 (**without using any loops**)
- **Recursive case. (REDUCE/ DELEGATE/ COMBINE):**
Can think of `countDown(5)`
as `print(5)` followed by `countDown(4)`

In[1] `countDown(5)`

5
4
3
2
1

In[2] `countDown(4)`

4
3
2
1

countDown: Base Case

- **Base case.** When the problem is so simple that we can solve it without decomposing any further

```
In[1] countDown(0)
```

Nothing is printed

```
def countDown(n):  
    '''Prints ints from n down to 1'''  
    if n < 1:  
        pass # do nothing
```

countDown: Recursive Case

- Recursive step does two things:
 - performs an action that contributes to the solution
 - Invokes the function on a smaller subproblem

```
def countDown(n):  
    '''Prints ints from n down to 1'''  
    if n < 1:  
        pass # do nothing  
    else:  
        print(n)  
        countDown(n-1)
```

countDown: Recursive Case

- Recursive step does two things:
 - performs an action that contributes to the solution
 - Invokes the function on a smaller subproblem

```
def countDownImplicitBaseCase(n):  
    '''Prints ints from n down to 1'''  
    if n > 0:  
        print(n)  
        countDown(n-1)
```

Structure of Recursion

- All recursive functions must have two types of cases
- **Base case.** A case where problem is so simple, its solution can be returned directly
- **Recursive case.** A case where the problem is
 - Decomposed into smaller subproblems, where at least one of the subproblems is solved by invoking the function it
 - Trust the *recursion fairy* (aka *mathematical induction*) that smaller subproblems are solved correctly

Recursion GOTCHAs!

GOTCHA #1

- **Problem** that you are solving recursively is **not getting smaller**, that is, not getting closer to the base case --- *infinite recursion!*
- **Does not reach the base case**

```
def countDownGotcha(n):  
    '''Prints ints from n down to 1'''  
    if n < 1:  
        pass # do nothing  
    else:  
        print(n)  
        countDownGotcha(n)
```

Subproblem not
getting smaller!

GOTCHA #2

- Missing base case/ unreachable base case---
another way to cause *infinite recursion!*

```
def printHalvesGotcha(n):  
    if n > 0:  
        print(n)  
        printHalvesGotcha(n/2)
```

Always true!

"Maximum recursion depth exceeded"

- In practice, the infinite recursion examples will terminate when Python runs out of resources for creating function call frames, leads to a **"maximum recursion depth exceeded"** error message

Review: Function Frame Model

A model to understand what happens we call a function

Review:

Function Frame Model

- Consider a simple function `square`
- What happens when `square(5)` is invoked?

```
def square(x):  
    return x*x
```

Review: Function Frame Model

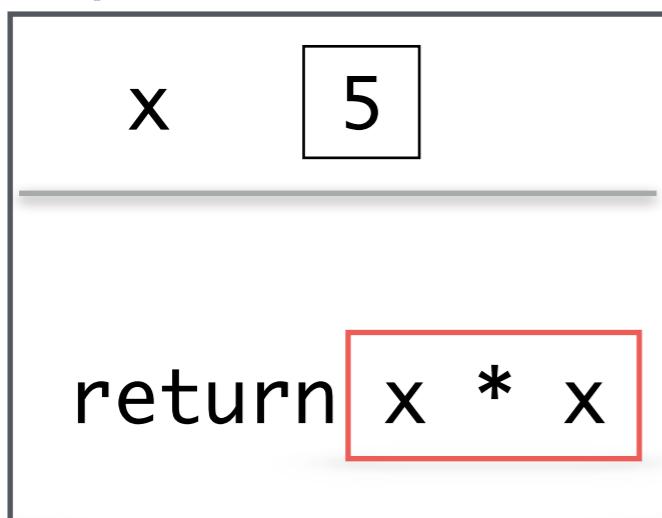
```
>>> square(5)
```

Review: Function Frame Model

```
>>> square(5)
```



square(5)

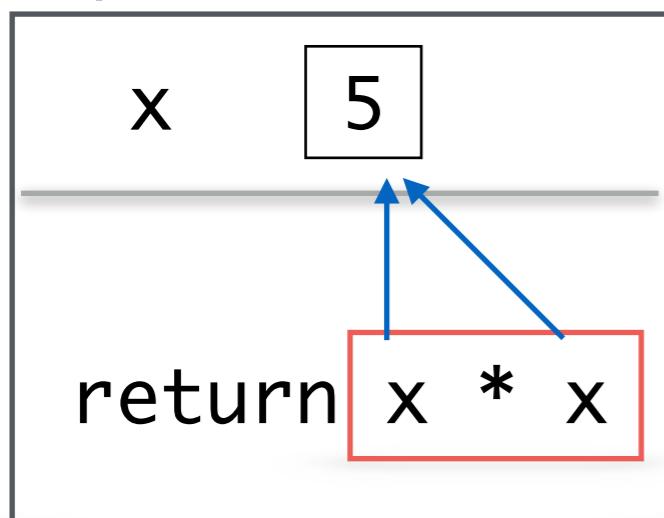


Review: Function Frame Model

```
>>> square(5)
```

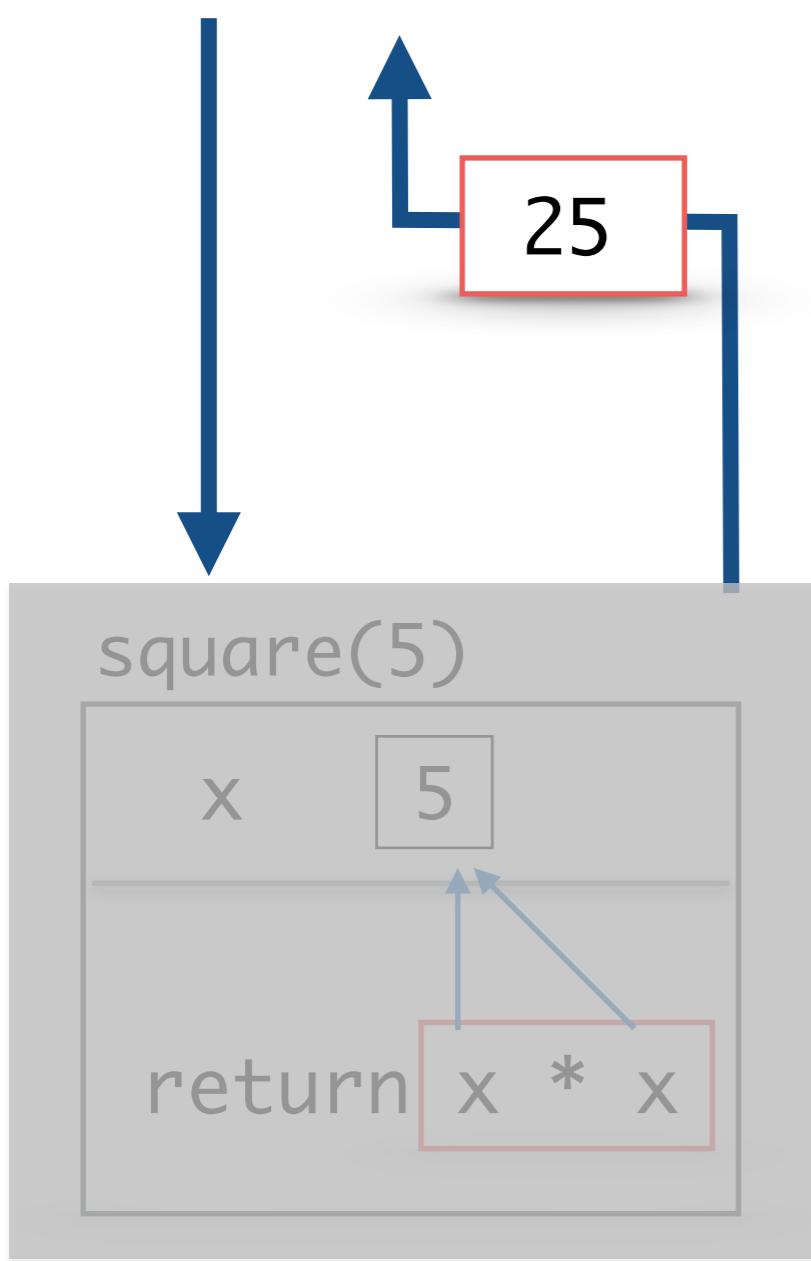


square(5)



Review: Function Frame Model

```
>>> square(5)
```



Summary: Function Frame Model

- When we return from a function frame "control flow" goes back to where the function call was made
- The function frame (the state of the local variables inside it) **are destroyed after the return**

Return value replaces the function call

```
>>> square(5) + 4
```

25



square(5)

x

5

return 25

Summary: Function Frame Model

- When we return from a function frame "control flow" goes back to where the function call was made
- The function frame (the state of the local variables inside it) **are destroyed after the return**
- If a function does not have an explicit return statement, then we return **None** when after all statements in the function body are executed

Return value replaces the function call

```
>>> square(5) + 4
```

25



square(5)

x

5

return 25

Review:

Function Frame Model

Review: Function Frame Model

- How about functions that call other functions?

Review:

Function Frame Model

- How about functions that call other functions?

```
def sumSquare(a, b):  
    return square(a) + square(b)
```

Review:

Function Frame Model

- How about functions that call other functions?

```
def sumSquare(a, b):  
    return square(a) + square(b)
```

- What happens when we call `sumSquare(5, 3)`?

```
def sumSquare(a, b):  
    return square(a) + square(b)
```

```
>>> sumSquare(5,3)
```

```
def sumSquare(a, b):  
    return square(a) + square(b)
```

```
>>> sumSquare(5,3)
```



```
def sumSquare(a, b):  
    return square(a) + square(b)
```

```
>>> sumSquare(5,3)
```



```
sumSquare(5, 3)
```

a	5	b	3
---	---	---	---

```
return square(a) + square(b)
```

```
def sumSquare(a, b):  
    return square(a) + square(b)
```

```
>>> sumSquare(5,3)
```



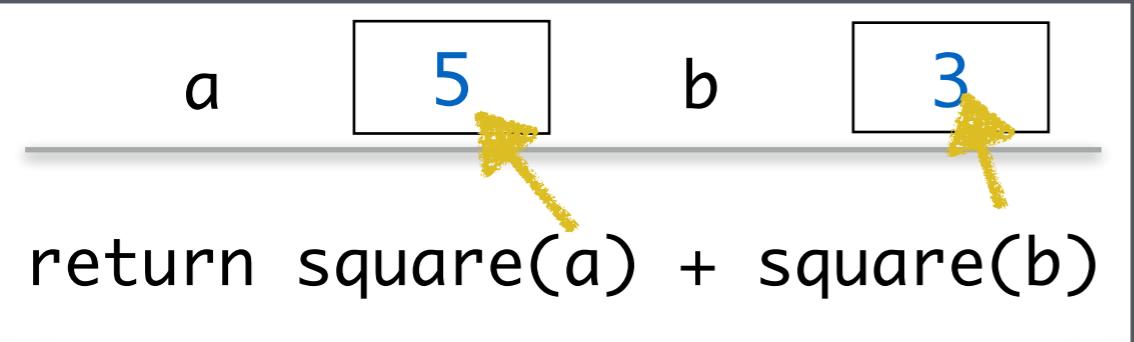
```
sumSquare(5, 3)
```

a

5

b

3



```
return square(a) + square(b)
```

```
def sumSquare(a, b):  
    return square(a) + square(b)
```

```
>>> sumSquare(5,3)
```



```
sumSquare(5, 3)
```

a

5

b

3

```
return square(a) + square(b)
```



```
square(5)
```

x

5

```
return x * x
```

x * x

```
def sumSquare(a, b):  
    return square(a) + square(b)
```

```
>>> sumSquare(5,3)
```



```
sumSquare(5, 3)
```

```
a      5      b      3  
_____  
return square(25) + square(b)
```

```
square(5)  
x      5  
_____  
return x * x
```

```
def sumSquare(a, b):  
    return square(a) + square(b)
```

```
>>> sumSquare(5,3)
```



```
sumSquare(5, 3)
```

```
a      5      b      3  
_____
```



```
return square(25) + square(b)
```

```
square(5)  
x      5  
_____  
return x * x
```

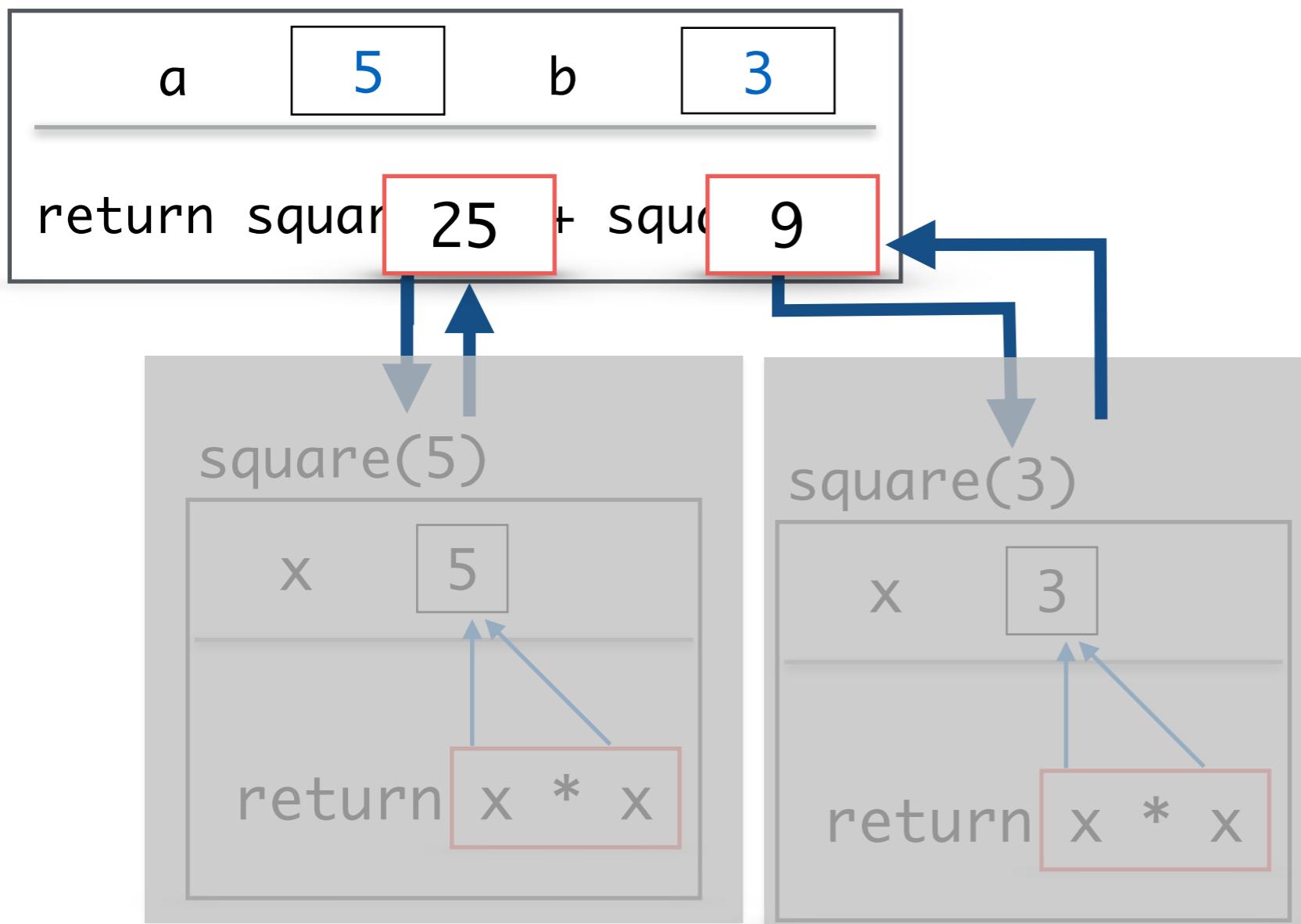
```
square(3)  
x      3  
_____  
return x * x
```

```
def sumSquare(a, b):  
    return square(a) + square(b)
```

```
>>> sumSquare(5,3)
```

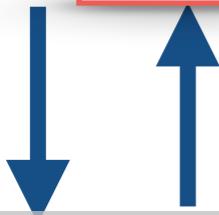


```
sumSquare(5, 3)
```



```
def sumSquare(a, b):  
    return square(a) + square(b)
```

```
>>> sumSquare(5, 3)
```



sumSquare(5, 3)

a

5

b

3

return square(25) + square(9)

square(5)

x

5

return x * x

square(3)

x

3

return x * x

Function Frame Model to Understand `countDown`

```
def countDown(n):  
    '''Prints ints from n down to 1'''  
    if n < 1:  
        pass # do nothing  
    else:  
        print(n)  
        countDown(n-1)
```

```
def countDown(n):
    '''Prints ints from n down to 1'''
    if n < 1:
        pass # do nothing
    else:
        print(n)
        countDown(n-1)
```

In[1] countDown(5)

5
4
3
2
1

In[2] countDown(4)

4
3
2
1

```
countDown(3)
```

```
n 3  
-----  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

```
>>> countDown(3)
```

```
countDown(3)
```

```
n 3  
-----  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

```
>>> countDown(3)
```

```
countDown(3)
```

```
n 3  
-----  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

```
>>> countDown(3)
```

```
3
```

```
countDown(3)
```

```
n 3
-----
if n < 1:
    pass # do nothing
else:
    → print(n)
    countDown(n-1)
```



```
>>> countDown(3)
```

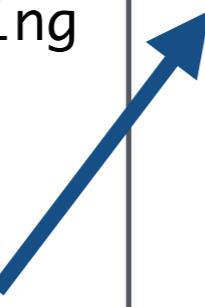
```
3
```

countDown(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```



```
>>> countDown(3)
```

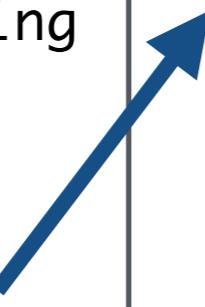
```
3
```

countDown(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```



```
>>> countDown(3)
```

```
3
```

countDown(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

```
>>> countDown(3)
```

```
3  
2
```

countDown(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

```
>>> countDown(3)
```

```
3  
2
```

countDown(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(1)

```
n 1  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

>>> countDown(3)

```
3  
2
```

countDown(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(1)

```
n 1  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

>>> countDown(3)

```
3  
2
```

countDown(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(1)

```
n 1  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

>>> countDown(3)

```
3  
2  
1
```

countDown(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(1)

```
n 1  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

>>> countDown(3)

```
3  
2  
1
```

countDown(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(1)

```
n 1  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

>>> countDown(3)

```
3  
2  
1
```

countDown(0)

```
n 0  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(1)

```
n 1  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

Base case reached!

>>> countDown(3)

```
3  
2  
1
```

countDown(0)

```
n 0  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(1)

```
n 1  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

Base case reached!

>>> countDown(3)

```
3  
2  
1
```

countDown(0)

```
n 0  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

Implicit return

countDown(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(1)

```
n 1  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

Base case reached!

>>> countDown(3)

```
3  
2  
1
```

countDown(0)

```
n 0  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

Implicit return

countDown(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(1)

```
n 1  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

Base case reached!

```
>>> countDown(3)  
3  
2  
1
```

countDown(0)

```
n 0  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

Implicit return

countDown(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

countDown(1)

```
n 1  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

Base case reached!

>>> countDown(3)

```
3  
2  
1
```

countDown(0)

```
n 0  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

Implicit return

```
countDown(3)
```

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

```
countDown(2)
```

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

```
countDown(1)
```

```
n 1  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

Implicit return

Base case reached!

```
>>> countDown(3)
```

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3  
2  
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countDown(0)
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```
n 0  
if n < 1:  
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```

Implicit return

```
countDown(3)
```

```
n [3]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

```
countDown(2)
```

```
n [2]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

```
countDown(1)
```

```
n [1]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

Implicit return

Base case reached!

```
>>> countDown(3)
```

```
3  
2  
1
```

```
countDown(0)
```

```
n [0]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

Implicit return

```
countDown(3)
```

```
n [3]  
if n < 1:  
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else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

```
countDown(2)
```

```
n [2]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

Implicit return

```
countDown(1)
```

```
n [1]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
    countDown(n-1)
```

Implicit return

Base case reached!

```
>>> countDown(3)
```

```
3  
2  
1
```

```
countDown(0)
```

```
n [0]  
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countDown(3)
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```
countDown(1)
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```
n [1]  
if n < 1:  
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countDown(1)
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Base case reached!

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n [0]  
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countDown(3)
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Implicit return

```
countDown(2)
```

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n [2]  
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else:  
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```

Implicit return

```
countDown(1)
```

```
n [1]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n)  
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Implicit return

Base case reached!

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```

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countDown(0)
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countDown(3)
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Implicit return
```

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countDown(2)
```

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n [2]  
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Implicit return
```

```
countDown(1)
```

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Base case reached!

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Implicit return
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countDown(3)
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```

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countDown(2)
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    pass # do nothing  
else:  
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    countDown(n-1)  
Implicit return
```

```
countDown(1)
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```
n [1]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
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    → print(n)  
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Implicit return
```

Base case reached!

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>>> countDown(3)
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3  
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1
```

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countDown(0)
```

```
n [0]  
if n < 1:  
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else:  
    → print(n)  
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Implicit return
```

More Recursion: `countUp`

countUp(n)

countUp(n)

- Recursive function that prints integers from 1 up to n (**without using any loops**)

countUp(n)

- Recursive function that prints integers from 1 up to n (**without using any loops**)

In[1] countUp(5)

```
1  
2  
3  
4  
5
```

In[2] countUp(4)

```
1  
2  
3  
4
```

Function Frame Model to
Understand `countUp`

countUp(3)

```
n 3
-----
if n < 1:
    pass # do nothing
else:
    countUp(n-1)
    print(n)
```

```
>>> countUp(3)
```

```
countUp(3)
```

```
n 3  
-----  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    print(n)
```



```
>>> countUp(3)
```

countUp(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    print(n)
```

countUp(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    print(n)
```



>>> countUp(3)

countUp(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    print(n)
```

countUp(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    print(n)
```

>>> countUp(3)

countUp(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    print(n)
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countUp(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
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countUp(1)

```
n 1  
if n < 1:  
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else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
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```

>>> countUp(3)

countUp(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    print(n)
```

countUp(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
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countUp(1)

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n 1  
if n < 1:  
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countUp(3)

```
n 3  
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n 2  
if n < 1:  
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    countUp(n-1)  
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countUp(1)

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n 1  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
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    countUp(n-1)  
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>>> countUp(3)

countUp(0)

```
n 0  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
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countUp(1)

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n 1  
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    countUp(n-1)  
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Base case reached!

>>> countUp(3)

countUp(0)

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Base case reached!

>>> countUp(3)

countUp(0)

```
n 0  
if n < 1:  
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Implicit return

countUp(3)

```
n 3  
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countUp(1)

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if n < 1:  
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```

Base case reached!

>>> countUp(3)

countUp(0)

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n 0  
if n < 1:  
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Implicit return

countUp(3)

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Base case reached!

>>> countUp(3)

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    pass # do nothing  
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Implicit return

countUp(3)

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countUp(1)

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n 1  
if n < 1:  
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Base case reached!

>>> countUp(3)

countUp(0)

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n 0  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
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Implicit return

countUp(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
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countUp(2)

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n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    print(n)
```

countUp(1)

```
n 1  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
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    countUp(n-1)  
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```

Base case reached!

>>> countUp(3)

1

countUp(0)

```
n 0
```

```
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    print(n)
```

Implicit return

countUp(3)

```
n 3  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
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    countUp(n-1)  
    print(n)
```

countUp(2)

```
n 2  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
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    countUp(n-1)  
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countUp(1)

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n 1  
if n < 1:  
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Base case reached!

>>> countUp(3)

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Implicit return

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Implicit return

countUp(3)

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Base case reached!

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1  
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Implicit return

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```
1  
2  
3
```

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Implicit return

countUp(3)

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Implicit return
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countUp(1)

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Base case reached!

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1  
2  
3
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countUp(3)

```
n [3]  
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else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
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Implicit return
```

countUp(2)

```
n [2]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    → print(n)  
Implicit return
```

countUp(1)

```
n [1]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    → print(n)  
Implicit return
```

Base case reached!

>>> countUp(3)

```
1  
2  
3
```

countUp(0)

```
n [0]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    → print(n)  
Implicit return
```

countUp(3)

```
n [3]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    → print(n)  
Implicit return
```

countUp(2)

```
n [2]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    → print(n)  
Implicit return
```

countUp(1)

```
n [1]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    → print(n)  
Implicit return
```

Base case reached!

>>> countUp(3)

```
1  
2  
3
```

countUp(0)

```
n [0]  
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    countUp(n-1)  
    → print(n)  
Implicit return
```

More Recursion:

countDownUp

countDownUp(n)

countDownUp(n)

- Recursive function that prints integers from n down to 1 and back up from 1 up to n (**without using any loops**)

countDownUp(n)

- Recursive function that prints integers from n down to 1 and back up from 1 up to n (**without using any loops**)

```
In[1] countDownUp(5)
```

```
5  
4  
3  
2  
1  
1  
2  
3  
4  
5
```

countDownUp(n)

- Recursive function that prints integers from n down to 1 and back up from 1 up to n (**without using any loops**)

```
In[1] countDownUp(5)
```

```
5  
4  
3  
2  
1  
1  
2  
3  
4  
5
```

```
In[1] countDownUp(4)
```

```
4  
3  
2  
1  
1  
2  
3  
4
```

Recursive Patterns

triangle(n, c)

```
>>> triangle(10, '*')
```

```
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
***  
**  
*
```

triangleAlt(n, c1, c2)

```
>>> triangleAlt(10, '@', '#')
```

```
@@@@@@@  
#####  
@@@ @ @ @  
#####  
@@@ @ @ @  
###  
@@ @  
##  
@ @  
#
```

Function Frame Model:

triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')

```
triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')
```

n	3	c1	'*'	c2	'^'
---	---	----	-----	----	-----

```
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    print(n * c1)  
    triangleAlt(n-1, c2, c1)
```

```
>>> triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')
```

```
triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')
```

n	3	c1	'*'	c2	'^'
---	---	----	-----	----	-----

```
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n * c1)  
    triangleAlt(n-1, c2, c1)
```

```
>>> triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')
```

```
triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')
```

n	3	c1	'*'	c2	'^'
---	---	----	-----	----	-----

```
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n * c1)  
    triangleAlt(n-1, c2, c1)
```

```
>>> triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')  
***
```

```
triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')
```

n	3	c1	'*'	c2	'^'
---	---	----	-----	----	-----

```
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n * c1)  
    triangleAlt(n-1, c2, c1)
```

```
triangleAlt(2, '*', '^')
```

n	2	c1	'^'	c2	'*'
---	---	----	-----	----	-----

```
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n * c1)  
    triangleAlt(n-1, c2, c1)
```

```
>>> triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')
```

```
***
```

```
triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')
```

n	3	c1	'*'	c2	'^'
---	---	----	-----	----	-----

```
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n * c1)  
    triangleAlt(n-1, c2, c1)
```

```
triangleAlt(2, '*', '^')
```

n	2	c1	'^'	c2	'*'
---	---	----	-----	----	-----

```
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing  
else:  
    → print(n * c1)  
    triangleAlt(n-1, c2, c1)
```

```
>>> triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')
```

```
***
```

```
^^
```

```
triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')
```

n 3 c1 '*' c2 '^'

```
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing
```

```
else:
```

→ **print(n * c1)**
triangleAlt(n-1, c2, c1)

```
triangleAlt(2, '*', '^')
```

n 2 c1 '^' c2 ':'

```
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing
```

```
else:
```

→ **print(n * c1)**
triangleAlt(n-1)

```
triangleAlt(1, '*', '^')
```

n 1 c1 '*' c2 '^'

```
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing
```

```
else:
```

→ **print(n * c1)**
triangleAlt(n-1, c2, c1)

```
>>> triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')
```

^^

```
triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')
```

n 3 c1 '*' c2 '^'

```
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing
```

```
else:  
    → print(n * c1)  
    triangleAlt(n-1, c2, c1)
```

```
triangleAlt(2, '*', '^')
```

n 2 c1 '^' c2 ':'

```
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing
```

```
else:  
    → print(n * c1)  
    triangleAlt(n-1)
```

```
triangleAlt(1, '*', '^')
```

n 1 c1 '*' c2 '^'

```
if n < 1:  
    pass # do nothing
```

```
else:  
    → print(n * c1)  
    triangleAlt(n-1, c2, c1)
```

```
>>> triangleAlt(3, '*', '^')
```

^^

*

Class Exercise

It's your Turn!

```
triangleDownUp(n, c1, c2)
```

```
>>> triangleDownUp(8, '@', '#')
```

```
@@@ @ @ @ @  
#####  
@@ @ @ @ @  
####  
@@ @ @  
##  
@ @  
#  
#  
@ @  
##  
@@ @ @  
####  
@@ @ @ @ @ @  
#####  
@@ @ @ @ @ @ @
```

Acknowledgments

These slides have been adapted from:

- <http://cs111.wellesley.edu/spring19> and
- <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/electrical-engineering-and-computer-science/6-0001-introduction-to-computer-science-and-programming-in-python-fall-2016/>